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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/745,730	12/26/2000	Yoshikazu Kobayashi	369252/99	1971	
30743	7590 02/02/2006	02/02/2006		EXAMINER	
WHITHAM, CURTIS & CHRISTOFFERSON, P.C.			SCHEIBEL, ROBERT C		
11491 SUNSET HILLS ROAD SUITE 340		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
RESTON, V	RESTON, VA 20190			2666	
			DATE MAILED: 02/02/200	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		09/745,730	KOBAYASHI, YOSHIKAZU		
		Examiner	Art Unit		
		Robert C. Scheibel	2666		
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this communication app r Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SHC WHICI - Extens after S - If NO I - Failure Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Dominions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Determined for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of the to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute the ply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing of patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timwill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	1. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a)☐ 3 3)☐ 3	Responsive to communication(s) filed on $\underline{15 \ N}$ This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under \underline{E}	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro			
Dispositio	on of Claims				
5)	Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application. (a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray. Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.			
Application Papers					
10) T	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct the oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1.	epted or b) objected to by the Eddrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority ur	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s) of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO.413)		
2) Notice 3) Informa	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te satent Application (PTO-152)		

DETAILED ACTION

- Examiner acknowledges Applicant's Amendment filed 11/15/2005.
- Applicant's Amendment includes amended claims 1 and 4.
- Claims 1-11 are currently pending.

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to the rejection of claims 1-2, 4-5, and 7 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection of independent claims 1 and 4.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. Patent 6,798,767 to Alexander et al in view of U.S. Patent 6,731,625 to Eastep et al.

Regarding claims 1 and 4, Alexander discloses the limitation of a receiver that receives a message sent via LAN by one of the telephone sets for requesting an IP address be allocated for the requesting telephone set in lines 20-23 of column 9. The receiver is inherently contained in the DHCP server; the server is implicit in the discussion of the use of DHCP. Alexander further discloses a control circuit that generates an ID and an extension of the requesting telephone sets

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set in case the message for requesting the IP address is received in lines 26-29 of column 9. In this case, the case where multiple extensions are assigned is assumed; the first extension discloses the extension of the claims and the other extensions disclose the ID of the claims.

Alexander implicitly discloses the IP address allocation circuit that allocates the IP address of the requesting telephone set in lines 20-23 of column 9; in order for the telephony device to get an IP address, one must be allocated. Alexander discloses the limitation of a table that stores an ID, an extension and the IP address in the combination of tables 4A and 4B and as described in lines 28-35 of column 9. Alexander further discloses the limitation of a notifying unit that notifies the requesting telephone sets set of the ID, the extension and the IP address for the requesting telephone set in lines 20-23 and 26-29 of column 9. Alexander further discloses the limitation of claim 4 that one of the telephone sets (telephony device) is provided with a transmitter that transmits via LAN a message for requesting an IP address be allocated for the requesting telephone set to the telephone controller in lines 20-23 of column 9. The transmitter is implicit in that it is required to request the IP address using DHCP.

Alexander does not disclose expressly the limitation that the ID, extension, and the IP address are all stored in a single table. Alexander also does not disclose expressly the limitation (telephone controller) that the DHCP server is collocated with the call manager 26. However, at the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify Alexander to locate the DHCP in the call manager 26 and to combine tables 4A and 4B. The motivation for doing so would have been to reduce the overall cost of the system. In case of locating the DHCP server in the call manager, the system would cost less due to the reduction in the number of required network elements. In the case of combining the tables, less memory

would be required to store the information contained in the tables, as the device names would not have to be duplicated.

Alexander, as modified above, further does not disclose expressly the limitation of claims 1 and 4 that the ID comprises a domain name. Eastep discloses a directory service for allowing a caller to identify the IP address of a called party using a unique identifier (see lines 34-55 of column 83). Eastep discloses the use of an email address as an identifier and also indicates that any format can be used. By modifying one of the extensions assigned by Alexander to be an email address, the limitation that the ID is comprised of a domain name is disclosed. Alexander and Eastep are analogous art because they are from same field of endeavor of IP telephony. At the time of the invention it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify Alexander to assign an extension which is an email address. The motivation for doing so would have been to allow the use of a familiar identifier to uniquely identify the user as implied by Eastep in the passage cited above. Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Eastep with Alexander for the benefit of a familiar identifier to obtain the invention as specified in claims 1 and 4.

Regarding claims 2 and 5, with the parent claims 1 and 4 addressed as above, Alexander discloses in lines 20-25 of column 9 the limitation that wherein the requesting telephone has a user name (MAC address) and when the extension or the user name (it is well known that the MAC address is included in the DHCP request) of the requesting telephone is included in the message for requesting the IP address, and the control circuit generates its the ID for the requesting telephone set based on the extension or the user name (the MAC address and the associated device name is sent to the call manager in a registration message and the ID (the

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second assigned extension) is generated based on this registration and thus based on the user name.

Regarding claims 3 and 6, the combination of Alexander and Eastep discussed above discloses a directory service for allowing a caller to identify the IP address of a called party using a unique identifier (see lines 34-55 of column 83 of Eastep). Eastep discloses the use of an email address as an identifier and also indicates that any format can be used. By modifying one of the extensions assigned by Alexander to be an email address, the limitation of claim 3 that the ID is composed of a domain name, extension and user name is disclosed.

Regarding claim 7, with parent claim 4 addressed as above, Alexander discloses the limitation that the telephone controller in case a connection request message is sent from one of the telephone sets, the control circuit acquires an IP address corresponding to ID by retrieving the table using the m included in the connection request message and notifies a telephone set to which the IP address is allocated of call incoming in elements 200-204 of Figure 5.

Regarding claims 8 and 9, with parent claims 1 and 4 addressed as above, Alexander discloses the limitation that a user who is not required to have knowledge of IP and LAN connects the requesting telephone set to the LAN and the requesting telephone set automatically acquires an ID, an IP address and an extension for the requesting telephone set in lines 20-23 and 26-29 of column 9. It is well known in the art that DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is a means of automatically assigning an IP address to a host station from a server station. This requires the user to have no knowledge of IP or LAN technology and can happen without his knowledge. The same is true of the extension and ID as indicated in lines 26-29 of

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column 9 which indicate the call manager sending the response to the telephony device without indicating that the user is actively involved in this transaction.

Regarding claims 10 and 11, with parent claims 1 and 4 addressed as above, Alexander discloses the limitation that different user names are assigned to the extension in Figure 4A which shows extension 1002 assigned to user phone2 and phone3.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Robert C. Scheibel whose telephone number is 571-272-3169.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday and Thursday from 6:30-5:00 Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Seema S. Rao can be reached on 571-272-3174. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Robert C. Scheibel
Examiner

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